

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

CR-102 (June 2004) (Implements RCW 34.05.320) Do NOT use for expedited rule making

Agency: State Board of Health	
Preproposal Statement of Inquiry was filed as WSR <u>04-12-</u>	119; or Original Notice
Expedited Rule MakingProposed notice was filed as WSF	; or Supplemental Notice to WSR
Proposal is exempt under RCW 34.05.310(4).	Continuance of WSP
"provisionally notifiable" conditions. These eight conditions include Fetal Alcohol Syndrome/Fetal Alcohol Effects, Hepatitis B (chroninfection, only), and Group A Streptococcus (invasive disease only).	e: Autism, Birth Defects- Abdominal Wall Defects, Cerebral Palsy, c), Hepatitis C (acute and chronic), Herpes Simplex (initial genital y) which are provisionally notifiable through August 2004.
encephalitis (inflammation of the brain) only and removes viral en	
Finally, the last proposed change includes an update in terminological Section of DOH. The terms Birth Defects-Autism and Birth Defects	by based on recommendations from the Maternal and Child Health is-Fetal Alcohol Syndrome/Fetal Alcohol Effects will be updated to
Birth Defects-Autism Spectrum Disorders and Birth Defects- Alcol	nol Related Birth Defects.
The change to a permanently notifiable status requires health care aforementioned conditions and diagnoses to public health officials	providers, health care facilities, and laboratories to report the
Hearing location(s):	Submit written comments to:
Kelso Red Lion Hotel 510 Kelso Drive	Name: Jovi Swanson
Kelso, WA 98626	Address:101 Israel Road, Tumwater WA 98501
	Website: http://www3.doh.wa.gov/policyreview/
Data Navanta at 40,0004 Ti	fax (360)586-7424 by (date) November 1, 2004
Date: November 10, 2004 Time: 1:30 p.m. Date of intended adoption: November 10, 2004	Assistance for persons with disabilities: Contact
(Note: This is NOT the effective date)	
the state of the s	Jovi Swanson by November 1, 2004
Purpose of the proposal and its anticipated effects, including	TTY (800) 833-6388 or (360) 236-4028
officials. The proposal amends WAC 246-101-015, 246-101-101, the eight provisionally notifiable conditions, making seven of the conform a voluntary reporting status to a mandatory reporting status for the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Arboviral Disease terminology within Birth Defects. Reasons supporting proposal: Notifiable conditions reporting promunicable diseases and other conditions. The data collected departments and the Department of Health to protect the public he health professionals use these data to treat persons already ill, prodisease, historical trends, and geographic clustering.	rhealth care providers, laboratories, and facilities to public health 246-101-201, and 246-101-301 by striking the provisional status for and itions permanently notifiable, moving Hepatitis B and Hepatitis C or laboratories, adding the new national case definitions endorsed by and eliminating the term viral encephalitis, and updating the covides the information necessary for public health officials to track in notifiable conditions reporting are critical to local health alth by tracking communicable diseases and other conditions. Public vide preventative therapies, and to assess broader patterns of
Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 43.20.050 and 70.24.125	Statute being implemented: RCW 43.20.050 and RCW 70.24.125
Is rule necessary because of a: Federal Law? Federal Court Decision? State Court Decision? If yes, CITATION: Yes No	CODE REVISER USE ONLY CODE REVISER'S OFFICE STATE OF WASHINGTON FILED
DATE C /23 /21/	
NAME (type or print)	007 1 0001
Craig McLaughin	OCT 4 2004
SIGNATURE Kan I Ja	736
TITLE	TIME AM
Acting Executive Director	WSR 04-20-067

(COMPLETE REVERSE SIDE) Agency comments or recommendations, if any, as to statutory language, implementation, enforcement, and fiscal matters: None Name of proponent: (person or organization) Washington State Board of Health and State Private Department of Health Public Governmental Name of agency personnel responsible for: Name Office Location Phone Drafting...... Jovi Swanson 101 Israel Road, Turnwater WA 98501 (360)236-4028 Implementation....(See attachment) (See attachment) Enforcement......(See attachment) (See attachment) Has a small business economic impact statement been prepared under chapter 19.85 RCW? Yes. Attach copy of small business economic impact statement. A copy of the statement may be obtained by contacting: Name: Address: phone (fax e-mail No. Explain why no statement was prepared. Under RCW 19.85.030 an agency shall prepare a small business economic impact statement whenever a regulation imposes more than minor costs. The current proposed rule does not impose more than minor costs on small businesses. Is a cost-benefit analysis required under RCW 34.05.328? ✓ Yes A preliminary cost-benefit analysis may be obtained by contacting: Name: Jovi Swanson Address: Department of Health 101 Israel Road **Town Center 1** Tumwater, WA 98501 phone (360) 236-4028 fax (360)586-7424 e-mail jovi.swanson@doh.wa.gov ☐ No: Please explain:

Implementation and Enforcement Attachment

Name of agency personnel responsible for	Office Location	
Implementation:	Office Location	Phone
Maria Courogen	7211 Cleanwater Lane, Bldg 14 Olympia WA 98504-7833	(360) 236-3458
Wendy Krier	7211 Cleanwater Lane, Bldg 14 Olympia WA 98504-7833	(360) 236-3440
Mira Leslie	1610 NE 150 th Street MSTP K-19 Shoreline WA 98155-7224	(206) 361-2930
Riley Peters	7171 Cleanwater Lane Bldg 10 Tumwater, WA 98504-7835	(360) 236-2323
Enforcement:		
Maria Courogen	7211 Cleanwater Lane, Bldg 14 Olympia WA 98504-7833	(360) 236-3458
Wendy Krier	7211 Cleanwater Lane, Bldg 14 Olympia WA 98504-7833	(360) 236-3440
Mira Leslie	1610 NE 150 th Street MSTP K-19 Shoreline WA 98155-7224	(206) 361-2930
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AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 00-23-120, filed 11/22/00, effective 12/23/00)

WAC 246-101-015 Provisional condition notification. This section describes how conditions can become notifiable; what period of time conditions are provisionally notifiable; what analyses must be accomplished during provisional notification status; the transition of provisionally notifiable conditions to permanent notification or deletion of notification requirements. The department's goal for provisionally notifiable conditions is to collect enough information to determine whether requiring notification improves public health.

(1) The state health officer may:

- (a) Request reporting of cases and suspected cases of disease and conditions in addition to those required in Tables HC-1, Lab-1, and HF-1 on a provisional basis for a period of time less than forty-eight months when:
- (i) The disease or condition is newly recognized or recently acknowledged as a public health concern;

(ii) Epidemiological investigation based on notification of cases may contribute to understanding of the disease or condition;

- (iii) There is reason to expect that the information acquired through notification will assist the state and/or local health department to design or implement intervention strategies that will result in an improvement in public health; and
- (iv) Written notification is provided to all local health officers regarding:

(A) Additional reporting requirements; and

- (B) Rationale or justification for specifying the disease or condition as notifiable.
- (b) Request laboratories to submit specimens indicative of infections in addition to those required in Table Lab-1 on a provisional basis for a period of time less than forty-eight months, if:
 - (i) The infection is of public health concern;
- (ii) The department has a plan for using data gathered from the specimens; and
- (iii) Written notification is provided to all local health officers and all laboratory directors explaining:
 - (A) Actions required; and
 - (B) Reason for the addition.
- (2) Within forty months of the state health officer's designation of a condition as provisionally notifiable in subsection (1) of this section, or requests for laboratories to submit specimens indicative of infections in subsection (2) of this section, the department will conduct an evaluation for the notification requirement that:

- (a) Estimates the societal cost resulting from the provisionally notifiable condition;
- (i) Determine the prevalence of the provisional notifiable condition; and
- (ii) Identify the quantifiable costs resulting from the provisionally notifiable condition; and
- (iii) Discuss the qualitative costs resulting from the provisionally notifiable condition.
- (b) Describes how the information was used and how it will continue to be used to design and implement intervention strategies aimed at combating the provisionally notifiable condition;
- (c) Verifies the effectiveness of previous intervention strategies at reducing the incidence, morbidity, or mortality of the provisional notifiable condition;
- (d) Identifies the quantitative and qualitative costs of the provisional notification requirement;
- (e) Compares the costs of the provisional notification requirement with the estimated cost savings resulting from the intervention based on the information provided through the provisional notification requirement;
- (f) Describes the effectiveness and utility of using the notifiable conditions process as a mechanism to collect these data; and
- (g) Describes that a less burdensome data collection system (example: biennial surveys) would not provide the information needed to effectively establish and maintain the intervention strategies.
- (3) Based upon the evaluation in subsection (2) of this section, the board will assess results of the evaluation after the particular condition is notifiable or the requirement for laboratories to submit specimens indicative of infections has been in place for no longer than forty months. The board will determine based upon the results of the evaluation whether the provisionally notifiable condition or the requirement for laboratories to submit specimens indicative of infections should be:
- (a) Permanently notifiable in the same manner as the provisional notification requirement;
- (b) Permanently notifiable in a manner that would use the evaluation results to redesign the notification requirements; or
 - (c) Deleted from the notifiable conditions system.
- (4) ((The following conditions are provisionally notifiable through the date indicated:
 - (a) Autism (through August, 2004),
 - (b) Cerebral palsy (through August, 2004);
- (c) Fetal alcohol syndrome/Fetal alcohol effects (through August, 2004);
- (d) Hepatitis B, chronic Initial diagnosis, and previously unreported prevalent cases (through August, 2004),
- (e) Hepatitis C Initial diagnosis, and previously unreported prevalent cases (through August, 2004);
- (f) Herpes simplex (initial genital infection, only) (through August, 2004),
 - (g) Streptococcus, Group A (invasive disease only indicated

by blood, spinal fluid or other normally sterile site) (through August, 2004); and

(h) Birth defects - Abdominal wall defects (through August, 2004).

(5)) The department shall have the authority to declare an emergency and institute notification requirements under the provisions of RCW 34.05.350.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 00-23-120, filed 11/22/00, effective 12/23/00)

WAC 246-101-101 Notifiable conditions and the health care provider. This section describes the conditions that Washington's health care providers must notify public health authorities of on a statewide basis. The board finds that the conditions in the table below (Table HC-1) are notifiable for the prevention and control of communicable and noninfectious diseases and conditions in Washington. Principal health care providers shall notify public health authorities of these conditions as individual case reports using procedures described throughout this chapter. Other health care providers in attendance shall notify public health authorities of the following notifiable conditions, unless the condition notification has already been made. Local health officers may require additional conditions to be notifiable within the local health officer's jurisdiction.

WAC 246-101-105, 246-101-110, 246-101-115, and 246-101-120 also include requirements for how notifications shall be made, when they shall be made, the content of these notifications, and how information regarding notifiable conditions cases must be handled and may be disclosed.

Table HC-1 (Conditions Notifiable by Health Care Providers)

Notifiable Condition	Time frame for Notification	Notifiable to Local Health Department	Notifiable to State Department of Health
Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS)	Within 3 work days	√	
Animal Bites	Immediately		
Arboviral Disease	Within 3 work days		<u> </u>
Asthma, occupational	Monthly		. 1
Birth Defects – Autism (((Provisional through August, 2004))) Spectrum Disorders	Monthly		√ .
Birth Defects – Cerebral Palsy (((<i>Provisional through August, 2004</i>)))	Monthly		1

Notifiable Condition	Time frame for Notification	Notifiable to Local Health Department	Notifiable to State Department of Health
Birth Defects - ((Fetal)) Alcohol	Monthly	- Partition	√ Vepartment of Freatth
((Syndrome/Fetal Alcohol Effects (Provisional through	*		
August, 2004))) Related Birth Defects			
Botulism (foodborne, infant, and wound)	Immediately	V	
Brucellosis (Brucella species)	Immediately	1	
Campylobacteriosis	Within 3 work days	V	
Chancroid	Within 3 work days	√	
Chlamydia trachomatis infection	Within 3 work days	V	
Cholera	Immediately	√	
Cryptosporidiosis	Within 3 work days	√	
Cyclosporiasis	Within 3 work days	√	
Diphtheria	Immediately	√	
Disease of suspected	Immediately	√ .	
bioterrorism origin (including):			
• Anthrax		,	
Smallpox			
Disease of suspected	Immediately	√	
foodborne origin		• .	
(communicable disease clusters only)			·
Disease of suspected waterborne origin	Immediately	$\sqrt{}$	
(communicable disease		•	, i
clusters only)			
((Encephalitis, viral	Within 3 work days	√))	
Enterohemorrhagic E.	Immediately	<i>√</i>	
coli (shiga-like toxin		·	
producing infections only) such as <i>E. coli</i>			
O157:H7 Infection			
Giardiasis	Within 3 work days	√	
Gonorrhea	Within 3 work days	√ 	
Granuloma inguinale	Within 3 work days		
Haemophilus influenzae	Immediately		
(invasive disease,		•	
children under age 5)			· [
Hantavirus pulmonary syndrome	Within 3 work days	√.	
Hemolytic uremic syndrome	Immediately	√	

	Time frame for	Notifiable to Local	Notifiable to State
Notifiable Condition	Notification	Health Department	Department of Health
Hepatitis A (acute infection)	Immediately	√	
Hepatitis B (acute infection)	Within 3 work days	√ .	
Hepatitis B surface antigen + pregnant women	Within 3 work days	√.	
Hepatitis B (chronic) – Initial diagnosis, and previously unreported prevalent cases (((Provisional through August, 2004)))	Monthly	\	
Hepatitis C – Acute and chronic (((Provisional through August, 2004)))	Monthly	1	
Hepatitis (infectious), unspecified	Within 3 work days	1	
Herpes simplex, neonatal and genital (initial infection only) (((Provisional through August, 2004)))	Within 3 work days	√	
Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection	Within 3 work days	√	
Legionellosis	Within 3 work days	√	
Leptospirosis	Within 3 work days	√ .	
Listeriosis	Immediately	√	·
Lyme Disease	Within 3 work days	√	
Lymphogranuloma venereum	Within 3 work days	√	
Malaria	Within 3 work days	1	
Measles (rubeola)	Immediately	√	
Meningococcal disease	Immediately	$\sqrt{}$	
Mumps	Within 3 work days	√	
Paralytic shellfish poisoning	Immediately	√	
Pertussis	Immediately	√	
Pesticide poisoning (hospitalized, fatal, or cluster)	Immediately	:	√
Pesticide poisoning (all other)	Within 3 work days		√
Plague	Immediately	√ ·	
Poliomyelitis	Immediately	√	
Psittacosis	Within 3 work days	√	
Q Fever	Within 3 work days	√	

	Time frame for	Notifiable to Local	
Notifiable Condition	Notification	Health Department	Notifiable to State
Rabies (Confirmed	Immediately	√ √	Department of Health
Human or Animal)		•	
Rabies (Including use of	Within 3 work days	J	
post-exposure prophylaxis)			
Relapsing fever	•		
(borreliosis)	Immediately	√	
Rubella (including congenital rubella	Immediately	· ·	
syndrome)			
Salmonellosis	Immediately	√	
Serious adverse reactions	Within 3 work days	J	
to immunizations		•	
Shigellosis	Immediately	- J	
((Streptococcus, Group	Within 3 work days	√))	
A, Invasive (Indicated by blood, spinal fluid or			
other normally sterile			
site) (Provisional through			
August, 2004)			
Şyphilis	Within 3 work days	√ .	
Tetanus	Within 3 work days		
Trichinosis	Within 3 work days		
Tuberculosis	Immediately	$\sqrt{}$	
Tularemia	Within 3 work days		
Typhus	Immediately	√	:
Vibriosis	Within 3 work days	√	
Yellow fever	Immediately	√ .	
Yersiniosis	Within 3 work days	√ .	
Other rare diseases of public health significance	Immediately	V	
Unexplained critical illness or death	Immediately	√ .	

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 00-23-120, filed 11/22/00, effective 12/23/00)

WAC 246-101-201 Notifiable conditions and laboratories. This section describes the conditions about which Washington's laboratories must notify public health authorities of on a statewide basis. The board finds that the conditions in the table below (Table Lab-1) are notifiable for the prevention and control of communicable and noninfectious diseases and conditions in Washington. The board also finds that submission of specimens for

many of these conditions will further prevent the spread of disease. Laboratory directors shall notify public health authorities of positive cultures and preliminary test results as individual case reports and provide specimen submissions using procedures described throughout this chapter. Local health officers may require additional conditions to be notifiable within the local health officer's jurisdiction.

WAC 246-101-205, 246-101-210, 246-101-215, 246-101-220, 246-101-225, and 246-101-230 also include requirements for how notifications and specimen submissions are made, when they are made, the content of these notifications and specimen submissions, and how information regarding notifiable conditions cases must be handled and may be disclosed.

Table Lab-1 (Conditions Notifiable by Laboratory Directors)

Arboviral Disease (Isolation: Detection of Viral Nucleic Acid or Antibody) Blood Lead Level Botulism (Foodborne) Botulism (Infant) Botulism (Wound) Brucellosis (Brucella species) Brucellosis (Brucella species) CD4+ (T4) lymphocyte counts less than 200 and/or CD4+ (T4) percents less than fourteen percent of total lymphocytes (patients aged thirteen or older) Chalmydia trachomatis infection Cholera Inmediately Local Health Department of Health Toppathent of Health Department of Health Department of Health Toppathent of Health Department of Health Toppathent of Health Toppathent of Health Type & Timing) Serum and Stool - If available, submit suspect foods (2 days) Stool (2 days) Culture, Serum, Debrided tissue, or Swab sample (2 days) Subcultures (2 days) Subcultures (2 days) Subcultures (2 days) Culture, Serum, Debrided tissue, or Swab sample (2 days) Subcultures (2 days) Colley (T4) lymphocyte (patients aged thirteen or older) Chalmydia trachomatis infection Cholera Immediately J Culture (2 days) Culture (2 days) Culture (2 days)	Notifiable Condition	Time frame for	Notifiable to	NI-400 III 4	
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Dishthoria Specimen (2 days)	Cryptosporidiosis				Canalo (2 days)
Dinbth said	Cyclosporiasis	2 days	√		Specimen (2 days)
Culture (2 days)	Diphtheria	2 days	√		Culture (2 days)

Notifiable Condition	Time frame for	Notifiable to	N-40° 11	
2 COMMINION	Notification	Local Health Department	Notifiable to Department of Health	Specimen Submission to Department of Health
Disease of Suspected Bioterrorism Origin (examples): • Anthrax • Smallpox	Immediately	√ √	Ticalii	(Type & Timing) Culture (2 days)
Enterohemorrhagic E. coli (shiga-like toxin producing infections only) such as E. coli O157:H7 Infection	2 days	√		Culture (2 days)
Gonorrhea	2 days	1		
Hepatitis A (IgM positive)	2 days	√ .		
Hepatitis B (chronic) – Initial diagnosis, and previously unreported prevalent cases	Monthly	✓		
Hepatitis C – Acute and chronic	Monthly			
Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection (including positive Western Blot assays, P24 antigen or viral culture tests)	2 days	Only when the local health department is designated by the Department of Health	√ (Except King County)	
Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection (positive results on HIV nucleic acid tests (RNA or DNA))	Monthly	Only when the local health department is designated by the Department of Health	√ (Except King County)	
Listeriosis	2 days	V		
Measles (rubeola)	Immediately			Serum (2 days)
Meningococcal disease	2 days	√		Culture (Blood/CSF or other sterile sites) (2 days)
Pertussis	2 days			3.7
Plague	Immediately	√ .		Culture or other appropriate clinical material (2 days)
Rabies (human or animal)	Immediately	√ (Pathology Report Only)	·	Tissue or other appropriate clinical material (Upon request only)
Salmonellosis	2 days	√		Culture (2 days)
Shigellosis	2 days	√ _		Culture (2 days)
Syphilis	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Tuberculosis	2 days			Serum (2 days)

Notifiable Condition	Time frame for Notification	Notifiable to Local Health Department	Notifiable to Department of Health	Specimen Submission to Department of Health (Type & Timing)
Tuberculosis (Antibiotic sensitivity for first isolates)	2 days		√	
Tularemia				Culture or other appropriate clinical material (2 days)
Other rare diseases of public health significance	Immediately	√		

Additional notifications that are requested but not mandatory include:

- (1) Laboratory directors may notify either local health departments or the department or both of other laboratory results ((including hepatitis B and hepatitis C)) through cooperative agreement.
- (2) Laboratory directors may submit malaria cultures to the state public health laboratories.

 $\frac{\text{AMENDATORY SECTION}}{\text{effective } 12/23/00)} \hspace{0.2cm} \text{(Amending WSR 00-23-120, filed } 11/22/00,$

WAC 246-101-301 Notifiable conditions and health care facilities. This section describes the conditions Washington's health care facilities must notify public health authorities of on a statewide basis. The board finds that the conditions in the table below (Table HF-1) are notifiable for the prevention and control of communicable and noninfectious diseases and conditions. Local health officers may require additional conditions to be notifiable within the local health officer's jurisdiction. Health care facilities are required to notify public health authorities of cases that occur in their facilities. Health care facilities may choose to assume the notification for their health care providers for conditions designated in Table HF-1. Health care facilities may not assume the reporting requirements of laboratories that are components of the health care facility. Local health officers may require additional conditions to be notifiable within the local health officer's jurisdiction.

WAC sections 246-101-305, 246-101-310, 246-101-315, and 246-101-320 also include requirements for how notifications shall be made, when they are made, the content of these notifications, and how information regarding notifiable conditions cases must be handled and may be disclosed.

Notifiable Condition	Time frame for Notification	Notifiable to Local Health Department	Notifiable to State Department of Health	
Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS)	Within 3 work days	<u> </u>	√ √	
Animal Bites	Immediately	√ ′		
Arboviral Disease	Within 3 work days	1		
Asthma, occupational	Monthly		1 √	
Birth Defects – Abdominal Wall Defects (inclusive of gastroschisis and omphalocele) (((Provisional through August, 2004)))	Monthly		√	
Birth Defects – Autism (((<i>Provisional through August, 2004</i>))) Spectrum Disorders	Monthly		√	
Birth Defects - Cerebral Palsy (((<i>Provisional through August</i> ; 2004)))	Monthly		√	
Birth Defects – Down Syndrome	Monthly		√	
Birth Defects - Fetal Alcohol ((Syndrome/Fetal	Monthly		√	
Alcohol Effects (Provisional through August, 2004))) Related Birth Defects				
Birth Defects – Hypospadias	Monthly		√	
Birth Defects - Limb reductions	Monthly		V	
Birth Defects – Neural Tube Defects (inclusive of anencephaly and spina bifida)	Monthly		√	
Birth Defects - Oral Clefts (inclusive of cleft lip with/without cleft palate)	Monthly ·		√	
Botulism (foodborne, infant, and wound)	Immediately	V	·	
Brucellosis (Brucella species)	Immediately	√		
Cancer (See chapter 246- 430 WAC)	Monthly		√	
Chancroid	Within 3 work days	√		
Chlamydia trachomatis infection	Within 3 work days	√		

Notifiable Condition	Time frame for Notification	Notifiable to Local Health Department	Notifiable to State Department of Health
Cholera	Immediately		
Cryptosporidiosis	Within 3 work days	√	
Cyclosporiasis	Within 3 work days	V	
Diphtheria	Immediately		
Disease of suspected bioterrorism origin (including): • Anthrax • Smallpox	Immediately	√	
Disease of suspected foodborne origin (communicable disease clusters only)	Immediately	√	
Disease of suspected waterborne origin (communicable disease clusters only)	Immediately	√	
((Encephalitis, viral	Within 3 work days	₹))	
Enterohemorrhagic E. coli (shiga-like toxin producing infections only) such as E. coli O157:H7 Infection	Immediately	√	
Giardiasis	Within 3 work days	1	
Gonorrhea	Within 3 work days	√ √	
Granuloma inguinale	Within 3 work days	√ .	
Gunshot wounds (nonfatal)	Monthly	•	√
Haemophilus influenzae (invasive disease, children under age 5)	Immediately	√ .	
Hantavirus pulmonary syndrome	Within 3 work days	J	·
Hemolytic uremic syndrome	Immediately	V	
Hepatitis A (acute infection)	Immediately	√ ·	·
Hepatitis B (acute infection)	Within 3 work days	√ ·	
Hepatitis B surface antigen+ pregnant women	Within 3 work days	√ .	·
Hepatitis B (chronic) — Initial diagnosis, and previously unreported prevalent cases (((Provisional through August, 2004)))	Monthly	√	

Notifiable Condition	Time frame for	N	
	Notification	Notifiable to Local Health Department	Notifiable to State Department of Health
Hepatitis C – Acute and chronic (((<i>Provisional through August, 2004</i>)))	Monthly	√	
Hepatitis (infectious), unspecified	Within 3 work days	√	
Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection	Within 3 work days	√ .	
Legionellosis	Within 3 work days	√ .	
Leptospirosis	Within 3 work days		
Listeriosis	Immediately		
Lyme Disease	Within 3 work days	√	
Lymphogranuloma venereum	Within 3 work days	√	
Malaria	Within 3 work days		
Measles (rubeola)	Immediately		
Meningococcal disease	Immediately		
Mumps	Within 3 work days	<i>√</i>	
Paralytic shellfish poisoning	Immediately	√	
Pertussis	Immediately		
Pesticide poisoning (hospitalized, fatal, or cluster)	Immediately		1
Plague	Immediately	√	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Poliomyelitis	Immediately	√	
Psittacosis	Within 3 work days	√	
Q Fever	Within 3 work days	V	
Rabies (Confirmed Human or Animal)	Immediately	V	
Rabies (Use of post- exposure prophylaxis)	Within 3 work days	V	
Relapsing fever (borreliosis)	Immediately	√	
Rubella (including congenital rubella syndrome)	Immediately	√	
Salmonellosis	Immediately		
Serious adverse reactions to immunizations	Within 3 work days	√	
Shigellosis	Immediately		
((Streptococcus, Group A Invasive (Indicated by blood, spinal fluid or other normally sterile site) (Provisional through August, 2004)	Within 3 work days	₹))	
Syphilis	Within 3 work days	1	

Notifiable Condition	Time frame for Notification	Notifiable to Local Health Department	Notifiable to State Department of Health
Tetanus	Within 3 work days	√	•
Trichinosis	Within 3 work days		
Tuberculosis	Immediately	√	
Tularemia	Within 3 work days		
Typhus	Immediately	√	
Vibriosis	Within 3 work days		
Yellow fever	Immediately	√	
Yersiniosis	Within 3 work days		
Other rare diseases of public health significance	Immediately	√	
Unexplained critical illness or death	Immediately	√	